

## Tutorial Energy & Sustainability

### Exercise Sheet 3

–Sketch of Solution–

#### **Exercise 1**

$$10 \text{ Mt}/a \cdot 0.92 = 9.2 \text{ Mt}/a = \begin{cases} 4.6 \text{ Mt Diesel + heating oil p.a} \\ 2.76 \text{ Mt gasoline p.a.} \\ 0.92 \text{ Mt gas} = 920 \text{ Mkg} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ m}^3}{0.8 \text{ kg}} = 1150 \cdot 10^6 \text{ m}^3 \text{ gas} \end{cases}$$

$\Rightarrow 0.92 \text{ Mt waste materials}$

#### **Exercise 2**

**static**

- a)  $3.9 \cdot 10^9 t \cdot x = 149 \cdot 10^9 t \Rightarrow x = 38.27$
- b)  $3.9 \cdot 10^9 t \cdot x = 283 \cdot 10^9 t \Rightarrow x = 72.67$

**dynamic**

a)

$$\begin{aligned} 149 \cdot 10^9 t &= 3.9 \cdot 10^9 t \cdot \sum_{t=0}^n 1.03^t \\ 149 &= 3.9 \frac{1.03^{n+1} - 1}{1.03 - 1} \\ 1.146 &= 1.03^{n+1} - 1 \\ 2.146 &= 1.03^{n+1} \\ n + 1 &= \log_{1.03} 2.146 = 25.8359 \\ n &\approx 25 \text{ years} \end{aligned}$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned} 283 \cdot 10^9 t &= 3.9 \cdot 10^9 t \cdot \sum_{t=0}^n 1.03^t \\ 72.56 &= \frac{1.03^{n+1} - 1}{1.03 - 1} \\ 3.1769 &= 1.03^{n+1} \\ n + 1 &= \log_{1.03} 3.1769 = 39.1055 \\ n &\approx 38 \text{ years} \end{aligned}$$

#### **Exercise 3**

cf tutorial

## Exercise 4

- a) overall ressources =  $(240 + 139) \cdot 10^9 t = 379 \cdot 10^9 t$   
 $\Rightarrow \text{dmp} = 1/2 \cdot 379 \cdot 10^9 t = 189.5 \cdot 10^9 t$   
consumption up to now:  $139 t \Rightarrow$  until dmp:  $50.5 \cdot 10^9 t$   
 $\Rightarrow 50.5 \cdot 10^9 t / 3.9 \frac{10^9 t}{\text{year}} = 12.9 \text{ years}$
- b) overall ressources =  $(379 + 315) \cdot 10^9 t = 694 \cdot 10^9 t$   
 $\text{dmp} = 347 \cdot 10^9 t$   
 $\Rightarrow 208 \cdot 10^9 t$  until dmp  
 $\Rightarrow 208 \text{ Mrd } t / 3.9 \frac{10^9 t}{\text{year}} = 53.3 \text{ years}$

## Exercise 5

cf tutorial

## Exercise 6

cf tutorial

## Exercise 7

$478 \text{ Mt HCU} \approx x \text{ barrels of oil}$

$1 \text{ t crude oil} \approx 1458 \text{ kg HCU}$

$$478 \cdot 10^9 \text{ kg HCU} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ t crude oil}}{1458 \text{ kg HCU}} = 327.8 \cdot 10^6 \text{ t crude oil}$$

$$327.8 \cdot 10^6 \text{ t crude oil} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ bbl}}{0.136 \text{ t}} = 2.41 \text{ Gbbl} \approx 784 \text{ vessels}$$

## Exercise 8

- a)  $50 \text{ L} \cdot 32.4 \frac{\text{MJ}}{\text{L}} = 1620 \text{ MJ}$   
 $1 \text{ GJ} \approx 278 \text{ kWh} \Rightarrow 1.62 \text{ GJ} \cdot 278 \frac{\text{kWh}}{\text{GJ}} = 450.4 \text{ kWh}$
- b)  $450 \text{ kWh} / 0.03 \text{ h} = 13.5 \text{ MW}$
- c)  $450 \text{ kWh} / 3.5 \text{ kW} = 128.6 \text{ hours}$
- d) (i)  $225 \text{ kWh} / 3.5 \text{ kW} = 64 \text{ hours}$   
(ii)  $225 \text{ kWh} / 32 \text{ kW} = 7 \text{ hours}$